

LQ043T3DX02

TFT-LCD Module

Spec. Issue Date: Dec. 28, 2005

No: LCM-05042

PREPARED BY: DATE SPEC No. LCM-05042 SHARP FILE No. APPROVED BY: DATE ISSUE: December 28, 2005 www.DataSheet4U.com PAGE: 23 pages To · APPLICABLE GROUP LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP SHARP CORPORATION Mobile Liquid Crystal Display SMA Customer Group **SPECIFICATION DEVICE SPECIFICATION FOR TFT-LCD** module MODEL No. LQ043T3DX02 CUSTOMER'S APPROVAL DATE **PRESENTED** BY

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MOBILE LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY GROUP



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1. Applicable Scope

This specification is applicable to TFT-LCD Module "LQ043T3DX02" only.

2. General Description

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT(\underline{T} hin \underline{F} ilm \underline{T} ransistor) It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, Input FPC and a back light unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a $480\times3\times272$ dots panel with about 16million colors by supplying 24bit data signals (8bit×RGB), Four timing signals, logic (typ. +2.5V), analog (typ. +5V) supply voltages for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for back light.

3. Mechanical (Physical) Specifications

| Item | Specifications | Unit |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|
| Screen size | 10.9 (4.3" type) diagonal | cm |
| Active area | 95.04(H)×53.856(V) | mm |
| | 480×272 | pixel |
| Pixel format | 1Pixel =R+G+B dots | |
| Pixel pitch | 0.198(H)×0.198(V) | mm |
| Pixel configuration | R,G,B vertical stripes | |
| Display mode | Normally black | |
| Unit outline dimensions | 105.5(W)×67.2(H)×3.95(D) | mm |
| Mass | 50 | g |
| Polarizer · Surface treatment | Clear hard coat | |

X The above-mentioned table indicates module sizes without some projections and FPC.



4. Input Terminal Names and Functions

Www. 4-1 TFT LCD Panel Driving (Reference Connector : Hirose Electric CO., LTD.Product No.: FH12A-40S-0.5SH(55) Top contact type)

X The Bottom contact type can be selected according to side of mounted connector and terminal side of FPC.

| Terminal No. | Terminal name | Function | Remarks |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| 1 | GND | GND(0V) | |
| 2 | GND | GND(0V) | |
| 3 | VCC | +2.5V power source | |
| 4 | VCC | +2.5V power source | |
| 5 | R0 | RED Data Signal (LSB) | |
| 6 | R1 | RED Data Signal | |
| 7 | R2 | RED Data Signal | |
| 8 | R3 | RED Data Signal | |
| 9 | R4 | RED Data Signal | |
| 10 | R5 | RED Data Signal | |
| 11 | R6 | RED Data Signal | |
| 12 | R7 | RED Data Signal (MSB) | |
| 13 | G0 | GREEN Data Signal (LSB) | |
| 14 | G1 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 15 | G2 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 16 | G3 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 17 | G4 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 18 | G5 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 19 | G6 | GREEN Data Signal | |
| 20 | G7 | GREEN Data Signal (MSB) | |
| 21 | B0 | BLUE Data Signal (LSB) | |
| 22 | B1 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 23 | B2 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 24 | B3 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 25 | B4 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 26 | B5 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 27 | B6 | BLUE Data Signal | |
| 28 | B7 | BLUE Data Signal (MSB) | |
| 29 | GND | GND(0V) | |
| 30 | CK | Clock signal to sample each date | |
| 31 | DISP | Display ON/OFF Signal | |
| 32 | Hsync | Horizontal synchronizing signal | |
| 33 | Vsync | Vertical synchronizing signal | |
| 34 | NC | NC | Note 1 |
| 35 | AVDD | +5V Analog power source | |
| 36 | AVDD | +5V Analog power source | |
| 37 | NC | NC | Note 1 |
| 38 | TEST1 | TEST1 | Note 2 |
| 39 | TEST2 | TEST2 | Note 3 |
| 40 | TEST3 | TEST3 | Note 3 |

- *Note 1*) They have been open within FPC.
- Note 2) Please be sure to set 38 pins (TEST1) to open.
- Note 3) Please be sure to connect 39 pin (TEST2) ,40 pin (TEST3) with GND.



4-2. Backlight

0.5mmP 4Pin FPC (Reference Connector :Kyocera Elco Corporation Product No. : 6298 Bottom contact type)

* The Bottom contact type can be selected according to side of mounted connector and terminal side of FPC.

| Terminal No. | Signal | Function |
|-----------------|-------------------|--|
| 1 | V _{LED-} | LED Power Source Input terminal (Cathode side) |
| 2 | NC | No Connection |
| 3 | NC | No Connection |
| 4 | V_{LED+} | LED Power Source Input terminal (Anode side) |

5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Item | Symbol | Conditions | Rated value | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------|------------------------|----------|
| Input voltage | V _I | Ta=25℃ | -0.3 ~ VCC+0.3 | V | [Note 1] |
| 2.5 V Power supply voltage | VCC | Ta=25℃ | 0 ~ +4.5 | V | |
| 5 V Power supply voltage | AVDD | Ta=25℃ | 0 ~ +6.0 | V | |
| Temperature for storage | T _{stg} | _ | -25 ∼ +60 | $^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$ | [Note 2] |
| Temperature for operation | T _{opa} | _ | -10 ∼ +50 | $^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$ | [Note 3] |
| LED Input electric current | ILED | Ta=25℃ | 25 | mA | [Note 4] |
| LED electricity consumption | PLED | Ta=25℃ | 100 | mW | [Note 4] |

[Note 1] CK,R0~R7,G0~G7,B0~B7,Hsync,Vsync,DISP

[Note 2] Humidity: 80%RHMax. ($Ta \le 40^{\circ}$ C)

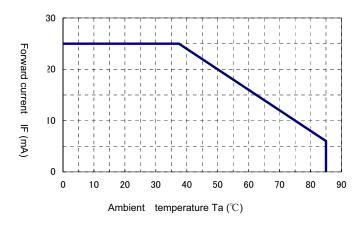
Maximum bulb temperature under 39°C (Ta>40°C) See to it that no dew will be condensed.

[Note 3] Panel surface temperature prescribes.

(Reliability is examined at ambient temperature of 50°C.)

[Note 4] Power consumption of one LED (Ta=25°C) (use LED NESW008B 7pieces)

Ambient temperature and the maximum input are fulfilling the following operating conditions.



Ambient temperature and the maximum input



6. Electrical Characteristics

6-1 TFT LCD Panel Driving

Ta = 25℃

| <u>Lalasheelah Luhi</u> | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|-------------------------------|-------|----------------------|
| | Item | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
| +2.5V | DC voltage | VCC | +2.3 | +2.5 | +3.3 | V | 【Note 1】 |
| power supply | DC Current | Icc | | 1.2 | 3 | mA | [Note 3] |
| +5V | DC voltage | AVDD | +4.8 | +5.0 | +5.2 | V | [Note 1] |
| power supply | DC Current | I _{AVDD} | | 10 | 18 | mA | [Note 3] |
| Dorminging I | nnut rinnle veltage | VRFVCC | | | 100 | mVp-p | Vcc=+2.5V |
| Permissive i | nput ripple voltage | VRFAVDD | | | 100 | mVp-p | Vcc=+5.0V |
| Input v | oltage (Low) | V _{IL} | | | 0.2 _{V_{CC}} | V | [Note 4] |
| Input v | oltage (High) | V _{IH} | 0.8 V _{CC} | | | V | [Note 4] |
| | | | | | 4.0 | | V _I =0V |
| Input o | current (Low) | l _{OL} | | | 4.0 | μA | [Note 4] |
| lmm.ut.a | | | | | 4.0 | | V _I =2.5V |
| Input c | urrent (High) | ІОН | | | 4.0 | μA | 【Note 4】 |

X The rush current will flows when power supply is turned on, so please design the power supply circuit referring to [Note 5] (The rush current changes according to the condition of the supply voltage value, rising time and so on.)



[Note 1] Sequences of supply voltage and signals

2.3V 2.3V 0.3V 0.3V VCC 4.8V 0.3V **AVDD** t4 CKSignal required domain Hsync,Vsync DATA Min 10frame [Note 2] DISP max.10frame Black mask Black mask usual LCD Display display LCD display display ON processing 9 frame OFF processing 9 frame LED B/L ON/OFF

O Please do not supply AVDD before VCC.

ON

Timing (example)

It discharges and boost up voltage for TFT module on the basis of a DISP-signal It drives Max-10 flames (about 0.2seconds) from change of DISP-signals by reasons that It takes time for 9 flames while each processing operation.

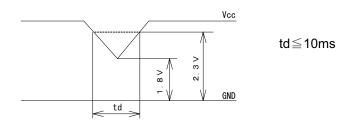
OFF

Therefore, the display start is delayed for 10 flames and Ten or more frames needs to be voltage maintained at the time of a display end.

- Please don't set various signals to Hi-Z when VCC-voltage is supplied in reason that those signals are CMOS input.
- O Don't change DISP signal into the state of H level When AVDD voltage is in the state of GND.
- The ON/OFF timing of LED Back Light is an example.

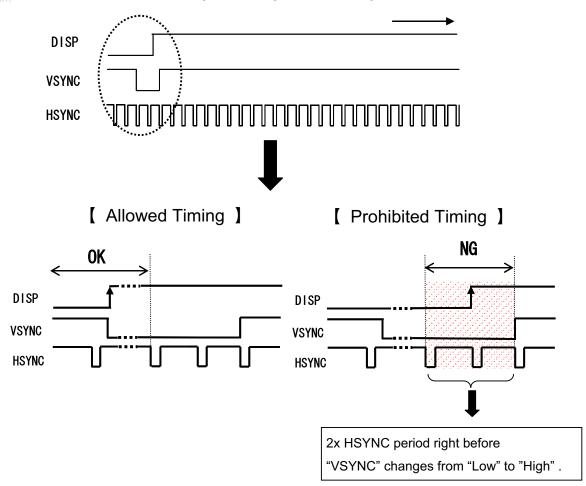
| | MIN | TYP | MAX | unit | Remarks |
|------|-----|-----|-----|------|----------|
| t1_C | 0 | _ | 10 | ms | |
| t1_D | 0.5 | _ | 10 | ms | |
| t 2 | 50 | _ | _ | ms | |
| t 3 | 0.5 | _ | _ | ms | [Note 2] |
| t 4 | 0 | _ | _ | ms | |
| t 5 | 0 | _ | _ | ms | |

Dip Conditions for supply voltage





[Note 2] While "VSYNC" is "Low", don't change "DISP" signal "Low" to "High".



[Note 3] Typical current situation: 256-gray-bar pattern VCC=2.5V AVDD=5.0V



[Note 4] CK, R0 \sim R7, G0 \sim G7,B0 \sim B7,Hsync,Vsync,DISP



[Note 5]

www.DataSheet4U.An example of rush current measurement

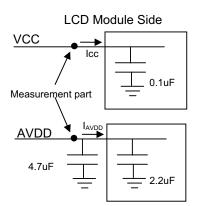
Power supply voltage VCC : 2.5V AVDD : 5.0V

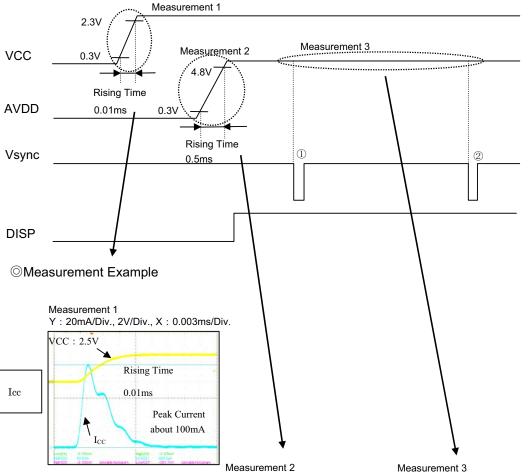
· Disp signal : OFF \Rightarrow ON

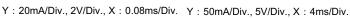
Other input signals : GND

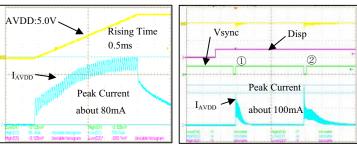
· Measurement system : refer to right Fig.

• rush current measurement timing : refer to following Fig.









 I_{AVDD}

These rush current won't flow stationary, these will flow at the timing shown in Measurement 3.



6-2. Back light driving

The back light system has seven LEDs

[NESW008B]

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|---------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|--------|
| Rated Voltage | V _{BL} | _ | _ | 29.4 | V | |
| Rated Current | ΙL | = | 18 | 20 | mA | Ta=25℃ |

7. Timing characteristics of input signals

An input signal timing waveform is shown in Fig. 2.

7-1 Timing characteristics

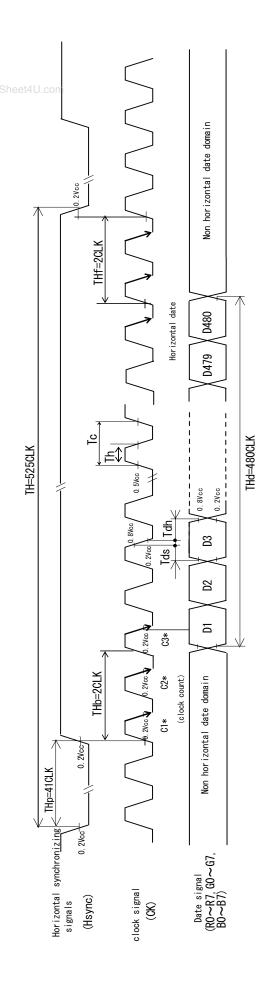
| Parameter | | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|------|------|-------|--------|
| Clock | Frequency | 1/Tc | 7.83 | 9.00 | 9.26 | MHz | |
| Clock | Duty ratio | Th/T | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | |
| Data | Set up time | Tds | 25 | _ | _ | ns | |
| Data | Hold time | Tdh | 25 | _ | _ | ns | |
| | Period | TH | _ | 525 | _ | Clock | |
| Horizontal synchronizing | Pulse width | ТНр | _ | 41 | _ | Clock | |
| | Horizontal period | THd | _ | 480 | _ | Clock | |
| | Back porch | THb | _ | 2 | _ | Clock | |
| | Front porch | THf | _ | 2 | _ | Clock | |
| | Period | TV | = | 286 | _ | Line | |
| | Pulse width | TVp | _ | 10 | _ | Line | |
| Vertical synchronizing | Vertical period | TVd | _ | 272 | _ | Line | |
| | Back porch | TVb | = | 2 | = | Line | |
| | Front porch | TVf | _ | 2 | _ | Line | |

[Note] • In case of using the slow frequency, the deterioration of display, flicker etc may occur.

[•] The timing characteristics are basically fixed as above.

7-2 Timing details

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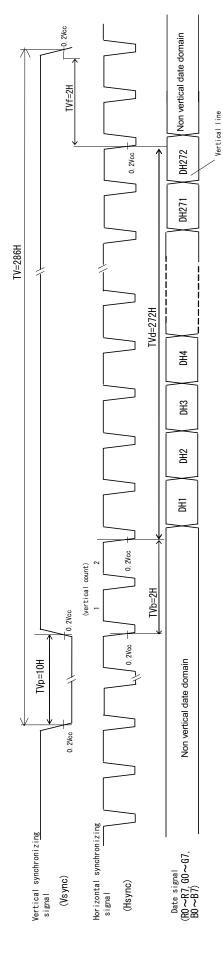
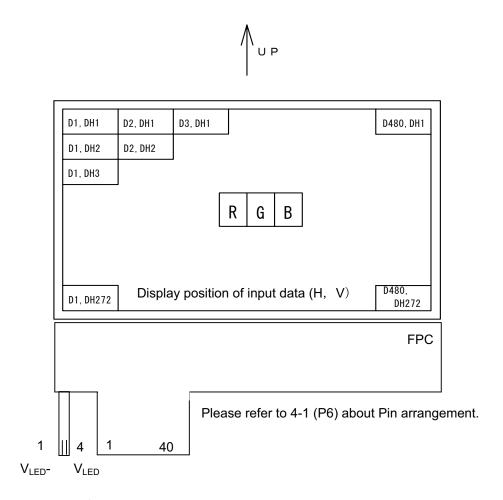


Fig 2 Input signal timing



7-3 Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen

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Please refer to 4-2 about LED side Pin arrangement.



8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

| vw.Data | Sheet4U. Colors & | com | Date signal | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|------------|----|----|-----|-----|----|----|----|------------|----|--|-----|--|--|--|
| | Gray | Gray | R0 | R1 | R2 | R3 | R4 | R5 | R6 | R7 | G0 | G1 | G2 | G3 | G4 | G5 | G6 | G7 | В0 | B1 | B2 | В3 | B4 | B5 | В6 | В7 | | | |
| _ | Scale | Scale | LSB | | | | | | | MSB | LSB | | | | | | | MSB | LSB | | | | | | | MSB | | | |
| | Black | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Blue | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| BE | Green | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Basic Color | Cyan | _ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| Colo | Red | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Magenta | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Yellow | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| <u> </u> | White | _ | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| G | 仓 | GS1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Gray Scale of Red | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Scale | 仓 | → | ↓ | | | | | | | | | | | | V | | | | | | | ` | L | | | | | | |
| e of | Û | → | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | ` | ν <u> </u> | | | | | | | ` | ν <u></u> | | | | | | |
| Red | Brighter | GS253 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Û | GS254 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Red | GS255 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| g. | 仓 | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Gray Scale of Green | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| cale | 仓 | → | | | | 1 | • | | | | | | | ` | V | | | | | | | ` | V | | | | | | |
| of G | Û | → | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | ν <u> </u> | | | | | | | | ν <u> </u> | | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | |
| reer | Brighter | GS253 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Û | GS254 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| <u></u> | Green | GS255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | Black | GS0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| | 仓 | GS1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| э̀гау | Darker | GS2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Gray Scale Blue | Û | → | | | | 1 | , | | | | | | | ` | V | | | | | | | ` | l | | | | | | |
| le BI | Û | → | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | ` | l _ | | | | | | | ` | ν <u></u> | | | | | | |
| ue | Brighter | GS253 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Û | GS254 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Blue | GS255 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |

0 : Low level voltage 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 256 gray scales from 8 bit data signals. According to the combination of 24 bit data signals, the 16-million-color display can be achieved on the screen.



9. Optical Characteristics

Module characteristics

| | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|------------|---------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------------------|
| Parameter | | Symbol | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remark |
| Viewing | Horizontal | 021,022 | CR>10 | _ | 80 | _ | Deg. | |
| angle | Vertical | θ11 | | _ | 80 | _ | Deg. | 【Note1,4】 |
| range | | θ12 | | _ | 80 | _ | Deg. | |
| Contrast ratio | | CR | θ=0° | 100 | 400 | _ | | 【Note2,4】 |
| Response | Rise | Tr | θ=0° | ı | 30 | 45 | ms | for a 23 |
| Time | Decay | Тd | | ı | 30 | 45 | ms | [Note3,4] |
| Chromaticity of | | х | | 0.246 | 0.296 | 0.346 | | 7 33 - 4 3 |
| White | | у | | 0.293 | 0.343 | 0.393 | | [Note4] |
| Luminance of white | | XL1 | | _ | 165 | _ | cd/m² | ILED=18mA |
| | | | | | | | | 【Note4】 |

** The optical characteristics measurements are operated under a stable luminescence(I LED = 18mA) and a dark condition. (refer to Fig.3)

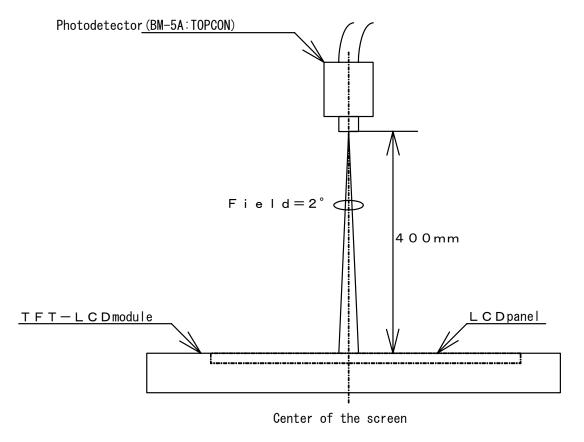
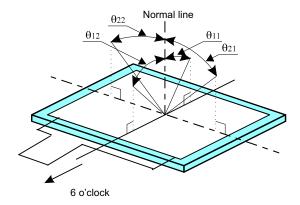


Fig. 3 Optical characteristics measurement method



[Note 1] Definitions of viewing angle range

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[Note 2] Definition of contrast ratio

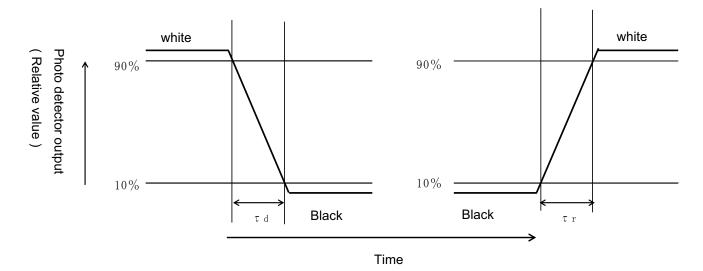
The contrast ratio is defined as the following

Contrast ratio(CR) = Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

[Note 3] Definition of response time

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white"



[Note 4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.



10. Handling of modules

- 10-1 Inserting the FPC into its connector and pulling it out.
 - ① Be sure to turn off the power supply and the signals when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
 - 2 Please insert for too much stress not to join FPC in the case of insertion of FPC.

10-2 About handling of FPC

- ① The bending radius of the FPC should be more than 1.4mm, and it should be bent evenly.
- ② Do not dangle the LCD module by holding the FPC, or do not give any stress to it.

10-3 Mounting of the module

- ① The module should be held on to the plain surface. Do not give any warping or twisting stress to the module.
- ② Please consider that GND can ground a modular metal portion etc. so that static electricity is not charged to a module.

10-4 Cautions in assembly / Handling pre cautions.

As the polarizer can be easily scratched, be most careful in handling it.

- ① Work environments in assembly.
 - Working under the following environments is desirable:
- a) Implement more than 1M Ω conductive treatment (by placing a conductive mat or applying Conductive paint) on the floor or tiles.
- b) No dusts come in to the working room. Place an adhesive, anti-dust mat at the entrance of the room.
- c) Humidity of $50 \sim 70\%$ and temperature of $15 \sim 27\%$ are desirable.
- d) All workers wear conductive shoes, conductive clothes, conductive fingerstalls and grounding belts without fail.
- e) Use a blower for electrostatic removal. Set it in a direction slightly tilt downward so that each Module can be well subjected to its wind. Set the blower at an optimum distance between the blower and the module.
- 2 How the remove dust on the polarizer
- a) Blow out dust by the use of an N2 blower with antistatic measures taken. Use of an ionized air Gun is recommendable.
- b) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with soft cloth.
- ③ In the case of the module's metal part (shield case) is stained, wipe it with a piece of dry, soft cloth. If rather difficult, give a breath on the metal part to clean better.
- ④ If a water dropped, etc. remains stuck on the polarizer for a long time, it is apt to get discolored or cause stains. Wipe it immediately.
- ⑤ As a glass substrate is used for the TFT-LCD panel, if it is dropped on the floor or hit by something hard, it may be broken or chipped off.
- ⑤ Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and take the human earth into consideration when handling.



10-5 Others

① Regarding storage of LCD modules, avoid storing them at direct sunlight-situation.

You are requested to store under the following conditions:

(Environmental conditions of temperature/humidity for storage)

(1) Temperature: 0~40°C

(2) Relative humidity: 95% or less

 As average values of environments (temperature and humidity) for storing, use the following control guidelines:

Summer season: $20\sim35^{\circ}$ C, 85% or less Winter season: $5\sim15^{\circ}$ C, 85% or less

- If stored under the conditions of 40°C and 95% RH, cumulative time of storage must be less than 240 hours.
- ② If stored at temperatures below the rated values, the inner liquid crystal may freeze, causing cell destruction. At temperatures exceeding the rated values for storage, the liquid crystal may become isotropic liquid, making it no longer possible to come back to its original state in some cases.
- ③ If the LCD is broken, do not drink liquid crystal in the mouth. If the liquid crystal adheres to a hand or foot or to clothes, immediately cleanse it with soap.
- ④ If a water drop or dust adheres to the polarizer, it is apt to cause deterioration. Wipe it immediately.
- ⑤ Be sure to observe other caution items for ordinary electronic parts and components.

11. Delivery Form

11-1 . Carton storage conditions

1) Carton piling-up: Max 8 rows

2) Environments

Temperature: 0~40°C

Humidity: 65% RH or less (at 40°C)

There should be no dew condensation even at a low temperature and high humidity.

3)Packing form: As shown in Figure 4.

*Cartons are weak against damp, and they are apt to be smashed easily due to the compressive pressure applied when piled up. The above environmental conditions of temperature and humidity are set in consideration of reasonable pile-up for storage.

11-2. Packing composition

| Name | quantity | Note | | | |
|------------------------|----------|---|--|--|--|
| Carton size | 1 | 575×360×225 (mm) | | | |
| Tray | 12 | Material : Electrification prevention polypropylene | | | |
| (The number of Module) | | 8 unit / tray:80unit/carton | | | |
| Electrification | 2 | Material : Electrification prevention polyethylene | | | |
| prevention bag | | 680mm(length)×500mm(depth)×50µm(thin) | | | |

Carton weight (80unit):8kg



12. Reliability test items

| No. | Test item | Conditions | | |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| DalaSi | High temperature storage test | Ta = 60°C 240h | | |
| 2 | Low temperature storage test | Ta = -25℃ 240h | | |
| 3 | High temperature & high humidity operation test | Ta = 40°C ; 95%RH 240h (No condensation) | | |
| 4 | High temperature operation test | Ta = 50° C 240h (The panel temp. must be less than 50° C) | | |
| 5 | Low temperature operation test | Ta = -10℃ 240h | | |
| 6 | Vibration test (non- operating) | Frequency: 10~55Hz/Vibration width (one side): 1.5mm Sweep time: 1minutes Test period: (2 hours for each direction of X,Y,Z) | | |
| 7 | Shock test | Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z, Time: Third for each direction. Impact value: 100G Action time 6ms | | |
| 8 | Thermal shock test | Ta=-25°C∼60°C /10 cycles (30 min) (30min) | | |

[Result Evaluation Criteria]

Under the display quality test conditions with normal operation state, these shall be no change which may affect practical display function.

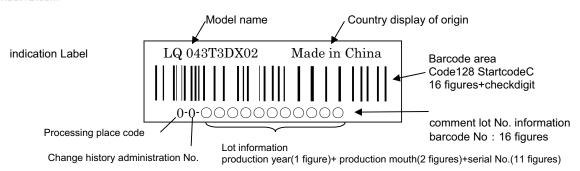
13. Display Grade

The standard regarding the grade of color LCD displaying modules should be based on the delivery inspection standard.



14. Lot No. marking

The lot No. will be indicated on individual labels. The location is as shown



outward form : width 29.0 ± 0.5 mm length 11.5 ± 0.5 mm

comment column:

1 figure Processing place code [0] WSEC Wuxi Factory

[1] WSEC Lianyungang Factory

2 figure Change history administration No. [0]

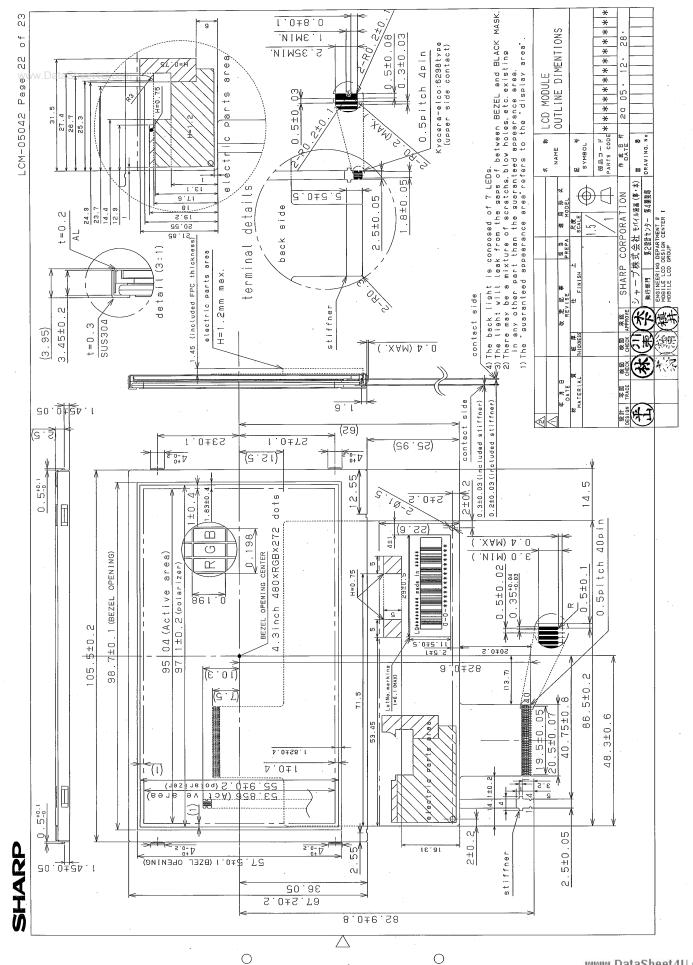
3 figure Production year

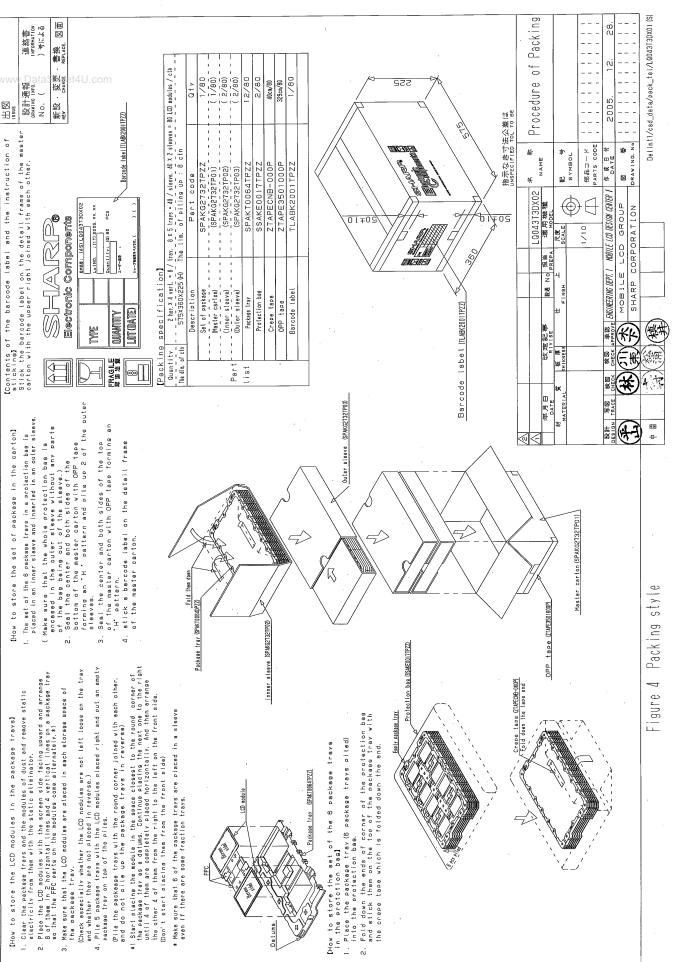
4, 5figure Production month

6 -16 figures Serial No.

15. Others

- 1 Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and you should be strictly avoided.
- 2 Please be careful that you don't keep the screen displayed fixed pattern image for a long time, since retention may occur.
- 3 If you pressed down a liquid crystal display screen with your finger and so on, the alignment disorder of liquid crystal will occur. And then It will become display fault.
 - Therefore, Be careful not to touch the screen directly, and to consider not stressing to it.
- 4 If any problem arises regarding the items mentioned in this specification sheet or otherwise, it should be discussed and settled mutually in a good faith for remedy and/or improvement.





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